The Schenectady Cabinet: or, Freedom's Sentinel.

VOLUME XXX.] SCHENECTADY, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1, 1839. [NUMBER 1524.

The Schenectady Cabinet,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY EVENING,
BY RIGGS & NORRIS,
No. 23 Union-street.

TERMS.—Two Dollars per annum to city subscribers; One Dollar and Fifty Cents to country subscribers, if paid within the year, otherwise Two Dollars will be charged.

ADVERTISEMENTS—Fifty Cents for the first insertion of every square of fifteen lines or less, and Twenty-Five Cents for every continuation.

***These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

BLANKS of almost every description for Lawyers and Justices of the Peace, neatly printed on first quality of paper.

BOOK & JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and despatch.

COPARTNERSHIP.

WM. McCAMUS has taken into copartnership in the Dry Goods business, Samuel M. Van Santvoord. The business hereafter will be conducted under the firm of Wm. McCamus & Co.

WM. McCAMUS,
March 4, 1839. S. M. VAN SANTVOORD.

N. B. All persons indebted to Wm. McCamus, will please call and settle. 88

100,000

Genuine Chinese Morus Multicaulus Trees, Now Growing in one of the Southern States.

JOHN S. BONNY, will enter into contract with purchasers, for the above trees and cuttings deliverable next October, or at any other period in the Fall or next Spring, before planting time.

These trees will measure from 3 to 7 feet in height, and will be WARRANTED to be the Genuine Chinese Morus Multicaulus.

Prices and terms for the Trees and Cuttings will be forwarded to all who may apply for them by mail. Letters to receive attention must be post paid.

Specimens of silk in a raw state, made by worms fed on the leaves of the Morus Multicaulus, may be examined at my store, No. 60 State-street, Schenectady.

John S. Bonny has just returned from New Jersey, where he has visited all the principal Mulberry plantations expressly for the purpose of obtaining the most approved information relative to the growing of the Mulberry trees, and is now engaged (as one of a company) in preparing the land and cuttings for planting. Persons desirous of obtaining such information, can receive it by calling on him, as above.

April 23, 1839.

Notice of Appraisement & Assessment.

IN obedience to a Resolution of the Common Council of the City of Schenectady, passed August 6, 1839, and by virtue thereof—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the act, entitled "An act to amend several acts relative to the City of Schenectady," passed April 23, 1839, that the following described ground, with the appurtenances, are required for the purpose of of straightening, widening and otherwise improving the eastern portion of State street, in said City, to wit:—"all that certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and appurtenances, situated in the 4th ward of the said City, on the south side of State street aforesaid, being the north part of the lot now possessed by John Kelly, bounded as follows: on the north by State street, on the east and west by property now or lately owned or possessed by Isaac M. Schermerhorn, & on the south by the residue of the aforesaid lot, now in the possession of the said John Kelly, being 33 feet in front and rear, and 40 feet deep;" and that on the eighth day of October next, at the City Hall in said city, before the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Schenectady, the damages and recompense which the owner or owners of such ground, with the appurtenances, shall be entitled to for the same, will be inquired into and assessed; and such damages and recompense apportioned and assessed among the owners or occupants of the houses and lots of ground, and other real estate which are to be benefitted by the intended public use of the ground with the appurtenances, which are required as aforesaid by a Jury to be summoned and returned for that purpose at the time and place last aforesaid.—Dated Schenectady, the 31st day of August, 1839.

T. R. VAN INGEN,
Attorney for Common Council.

ELECTION NOTICE.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
City and county of Schenectady, Aug. 26, 1839.

A GENERAL Election is to be held in the county of Schenectady, on the 4th, 5th and 6th days of November next, at which will be chosen the officers mentioned in the notice from the Secretary of State, of which a copy is annexed.
MYNDERT M. R. WIMPLE, Sheriff.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Secretary's Office, Albany, Aug. 15, 1839.

To the Sheriff of the county of Schenectady.

Sir—Notice is hereby given you, that the term of service of James Powers, a Senator for the Third Senate District of this State, will expire on the last day of December next, and that a Senator is to be chosen in that District, to which the county of which you are Sheriff belongs, at the general election to be held on the fourth, fifth and sixth days of November next.

You will also take notice, that a vacancy has been caused in the representation of the Third Senate District by the death of Noadiah Johnson, a Senator from that District, whose term of office would have expired on the last day of December, 1840, and that a Senator to supply the said vacancy is to be chosen at the said next general election.

You will also take notice, that a proposed amendment to the Constitution is to be submitted to the people, at the said election, at which the electors are to vote "For the election of mayors by the people;" or, "Against the election of mayors by the people."

At the same election, the following officers are to be chosen, viz: one member of Assembly, and a Coroner in the place of George B. Badgley, elected in 1837, but who neglected to qualify. Respectfully yours,
aug27 JOHN C. SPENCER, Secretary of State.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS Nicholas P. Van Vranken and Peter N. Van Vranken, of the town of Niskayuna, in the county of Schenectady, did on the 28th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1832, mortgage unto the Wardens and Vestry of St. George's Church, in the city of Schenectady, all that certain farm situate in the town of Niskayuna aforesaid, at a place called Rosendale, being the whole farm of the said Nicholas P. Van Vranken, and bounded northerly by land of Claus Van Vranken, westerly by land of Derick Van Vranken, southerly by land of John Van Vranken, and easterly by land of Peter J. Van Vranken, containing by estimation about one hundred and sixty acres more or less; which said mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the clerk of the county of Schenectady, in book K. of mortgages, pages 370, 371 and 372; on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due on the day of the first publication of this notice, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars and nine cents for principal and interest.—*Notice is therefore hereby given*, that default having been made in the payment of the principal and interest due on said mortgage, and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, the mortgaged premises will be sold at public vendue, on the fifth day of March, 1840, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the court house in the city of Schenectady.—Dated September 17th, 1839.

PLATT POTTER, *Attorney for the Wardens & Vestry of St. George's church in the city of Schenectady.*

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage bearing date the second day of November, 1816, made between Robert Slater, late of Rotterdam, in the county of Schenectady, of the first part, and Jacob I. Schermerhorn of the same place, of the second part, which mortgage is recorded in the office of the clerk of the county of Schenectady, in liber D of mortgages, pages 41, &c. November 2d, 1816—and which mortgage by an instrument under the hand and seal of the said Jacob I. Schermerhorn, dated November 20th, 1816, he duly assigned to one Jacob Houck, of Bethlehem, of the county of Albany, for a valuable consideration: and the said Jacob Houck, by an instrument under his hand and seal dated December 31, A. D. 1833, duly assigned the said mortgage and his interest in the said mortgaged premises unto James Slater, now of the city of Schenectady, for a valuable consideration, on which mortgage is claimed to be due at the time of the first publication of this notice, the sum of six hundred and ninety dollars: and the lands and premises mortgaged by the said mortgage are therein described as follows:—All that certain tract of land situate, lying and being in the third ward of the city of Schenectady, (now Rotterdam) about six and a half miles from the Dutch Church and on the south side of the Mohawk river, beginning at an oak tree marked I. V. V., and runs thence south seventy-two degrees west, fifteen chains to a white oak tree marked I. V. V.: thence north ten degrees west, twelve chains and fifty links: thence north four degrees west, four chains and sixty-one links near a beech tree marked I. V. V.: thence north seventy-seven degrees east, two chains and twenty-two links; thence north fifty-nine degrees east, seven chains and fifty links: thence north seventy-one degrees east, ten chains and twenty-three links to a black oak tree marked I. V. V.: thence south ten degrees east, six chains: thence south thirty-three degrees east, fourteen chains to Curry's bush road: thence south ten degrees east, five chains and fifty links to a walnut tree marked I. V. V.: thence west ten chains and twenty-eight links to a black oak stump: thence south seven chains, to the place of beginning, containing sixty acres and thirty-four perches of land, subject to a quit rent to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of Schenectady, of an annual rent of one and a half bushels of good merchantable wheat, or the value thereof in gold or silver.—Notice is therefore given, that the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public vendue on the 22d day of January next, at ten o'clock A. M. at the dwelling house of Resolved Givens, in the city of Schenectady.—Dated July 17th, 1839.

JAMES SLATER, *Assignee.*

STEPHEN A. DAGGETT, Attorney.

NEW FRESH STOCK OF GROCERIES, &C.

THE subscriber, having taken the store No. 154 State-st. nearly opposite Given's Hotel, and lately occupied by J. M. Moyston & Co. has just returned from New-York, having purchased an entire new and fresh stock of Groceries, Liquors and Wines, at the very lowest wholesale prices, he is now open, and offers them to the public at wholesale or retail, at a very small advance from N. York wholesale cash prices. His assortment consists, in part, of the following articles, viz:

TEAS—Hyson Skin, Young and Old Hyson, Souchong in papers, Imperial, Gunpowder, &c.

SUGARS—Loaf & Lump, crushed, Porto Rico, St. Croix, White and Brown Havana, New Orleans.

MOLASSES—New-Orleans, Trinidad, St. Croix, Sugar House and Syrup.

COFFEE—Old Government Java, Rio, St. Domingo, and Laguira, green, do. roasted and ground, in bulk, and put up in 1 lb, ½ lb, and ¼ lb papers.

TOBACCO—Cavendish, Plug, and fine cut chewing of Mrs Miller's, Chapman & Sargeant's and A. Campbell's manufacture; Snuff and Cigars of the finest quality.

Olives; Capers; Olive Oil; Sweet Oil;
Whol'd Barley; Rice; Indigo; Blueing;
Ground Pepper, Alspice, Cloves and Cinnamon, in ½ lb and ¼ lb papers;
Capia; Cloves; Nutmegs; Ginger; Pimento;
Salæratus; Cayenne Pepper; Pepper Sauce;
Allum; Copperas; Dye Woods, Madder; Anatto;
Shot; Flints; Percussion Caps; Powder;
Blacking; Pipes; Mats; Rope;
Fish Seines and Flies; Fish Hooks;
Chalk; Shoe and Horse Brushes;
Ink; Black Sand; Wafers, Wrapping Twine;
Candle Wick; Coffee Mills;
White Bar, Variegated in Balls; and Shaving Soap;
Hull & Son's Patent Candles; Spermaceti Candles; Lamp Oil;

LIQUORS—Otard, Signette and French Brandy; Holland and American Gin; St. Croix and Cherry Rum.

WINES—Port, Sherry, Madeira, Muscat, Malaga, Samos; Bottled Wines of different kinds; Champagne of various brands; London Brown Stout and American Porter.

FRUIT.

RAISINS—Bunch and Bloom, in whole, ½ and ¼ boxes; Sultana and Keg.
Figs, Citron, English Currants, Cranberries,
Mace, Carroway, English Mustard;
Pea Nuts, Filberts, Soft and Paper Shelled Almonds, Oranges and Lemons.

PROVISIONS.

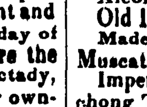
FISH—Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in whole and half barrels, Dried and Pickled Cod, Connecticut Mess Shad, Dutch Herring in kegs, Herring in boxes.
Pork, Hams, Smoked Beef, Shoulders;
Sounds and Tongues, Butter, Lard:
Soda, Butter, Sugar, Milk and Utica Crackers:
Fine and Coarse Salt, Flour, &c. &c.

The subscriber invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his articles and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

The highest prices will at all times be paid for all kinds of Country Produce, either in exchange for goods at cash prices, or for cash. *JAMES COURTER.*
July 1. 11

GROCERY STORE,

CORNER OF STATE AND CHURCH STS.
G. Q. CARLEY,



HAS just returned from N. York, with a new and choice assortment of *GROCERIES*, which, together with his former stock, he offers for sale at reduced prices: among which are the following:—

Old Cogniac, White and American Brandy;
Holland and Baltimore Gin;
Jamaica, Cherry, St. Croix and New Rum;
Alcohol, 82 per ct. above proof;
Old Irish Whiskey,
Madeira, Sherry, Sicily, Port, Malaga, Champaign, Muscat Scuppernong and other Wines;
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Tonkay, and Pouchong Teas;
Double Loaf, Loaf, Lump, St. Croix, Porto Rico, and White and Brown Havana Sugars;
Pepper, Pimento, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Cinamon
Maderia, and Italian Citron;
Maccaba Snuff by the Jar or smaller quantity;
Sperm, Mould and Dipt Candles by the box;
Glass, 7 by 9 and 8 by 10;
Lamp Oil, winter and fall strained;
Bordeaux Olive Oil;
Sugar House, New Orleans and New Iberia Molasses:
Lemons and Oranges; Almonds and Filberts;
Brazil, Madeira and Pea Nuts;
Bunch Bloom and Sultana Raisins;
Dye Woods, Alum and Copperas;
Spanish float Indigo;
Western, Superfine and Fine Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity;
Java, St. Domingo and Green Coffee;
London Brown Stout and Philadelphia Porter.
Black Lead: Salt Petre;
American and Russia Hemp Rope;
English Mustard; Poland Starch;
Castile, Bar and Shaving Soap;
English, India and American Twine;
Gun Flints and Purcussion Caps;
Orange Gunpowder and Shot;
Ladies' Twist, Cut and Plug Tobacco;
Stoughton Bitters;
Crockery, Glass and Stone Ware, &c. &c.
May 21, 1839.

NEW CASH GROCERY STRE,

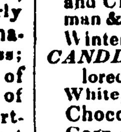
Provisions, Fruit, Grain and Flour.
JESSE M. VAN SLYCK,

HAS removed his store to No. 76, corner of State-street and Mill Lane, where he has again resumed the *Grocery Business*, and is now receiving and offers to his old customers and the public, a very choice assortment of

Family Groceries,

which he is enabled to sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices—or a small per centage for CASH only, as he intends to do business on that principle at least for a season. The following comprises a part of his extensive assortment:

SUGARS—St. Croix, Porto Rico, New Orleans, Bastar, White and Brown Havanna, Loaf and Lump.



TEAS—Gunpowder, Imperial, Old & Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Souchong and Pouchong Black.

COFFEE—Old Java, Rio, St. Domingo, and Laguira *Green*, and Java, Rio and Laguira, *Roasted and Ground*, in bulk and 1 lb. ½ lb. and ¼ lb. papers;
Sugar House and other Molasses; Honey;
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon, Ginger, Cloves, and Cayene Pepper, in bulk and 1 lb. ½ lb. and ¼ lb. papers;
Snuff and Cigars,

TOBACCO—Cavendish, Plug, Ladies' Twist, & Smoking and Chewing of A. Campbell's, Mrs. Millers', and Chapman & Sargeant's manufacture;
Winter and Fall Strained Lamp Oil;

CANDLES—Tallow and Sperm, S. Judd's Patent and Colored Sperm, and Hull & Son's patent refined Sperm;
White, Brown and Shavig Soap;
Chocolate, Starch, Indigo, Blueing;
Corn and Indian Brooms, Brushes;
Vitroil, Glue, Sal Nitre;
Glass and Putty, Allum, Copperas;
Dye Woods, Saleratus, Pearlash, Liqourice;
Annatta and Madder, Castor and Sweet Oil;
Powder and Shot, Colored Wafers;
English & American Mustard, in various packages;
Lee & Thompson's and other Blacking,
Prepared Cocoa, Confectionary;
Snuff Boxes, Long and Short Pipes;
Alicant, Hemp and Manilla Mats;
Bed Cords, Clothes, Fish and Chalk Lines;
Trace and Halter Rope, Brown Twine;
Hemp and Manilla Halters;
Red and Black Ink, Black Sand and Sand Boxes;
Comic and Webster's Almanacks;
Quills, Writing and Wrapping Paper;
Silver and Wooden Lead Pencils;
Pins and Needles, Dusters;

BRUSHES—Counter, Shoe, Horse, Shaving, Clothes, Hair, White-wash and Scrubbing;
Butter Ladles and Stamps, &c. &c. &c.

FRUIT.

RAISINS—Bunch & Bloom, by the whole, half & quarter box or pound, Smyrna, Malaga and Sultana;
Figs, Prunes, Dates and Tamarinds;
Currants and Cranberries, Cocoanuts and Filberts;
Peanuts, soft, paper and hard shelled Almonds;
Brazil and Madeira Nuts; Walnuts and Chestnuts;
Mace; Carroway; Coriander and Annis Seed;
Nutmegs; Citron; Oranges and Lemons;
Sweet Meats, Ginger Preserves in Jars;
Preserved Pickles (assorted) in glass Jars: &c. &c.

HARD-WARE.

Table Knives and Forks, and Table and Tea Spoons;
Pocket, Pen and Bread Knives;
Slates and Slate Pencils; Curry Combs and Horse Cards
Skates; Faucetts; Knitting Pins; Jews Harps;
Iron and Steel Tobacco Boxes; Coffee Mills;
Shovels and Spades; Field and Garden Hoes; Manure Forks, &c. &c.

PROVISIONS.

FISH—Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in bbls. ½ bbls. ¼ bbls. and Kits; Connecticut and Maine Shad; Dryed and Pickled Cod; Digby and Scaled Herring; Smoked Salmon;
Large and Small Utica Crackers; Soda and Milk Biscuit;
Pork; Sausages; Butter and Cheese;
Liverpool, and Western Fine and Course Salt;
Smoked Beef and Lard; Hams, Shoulders and Chops;
Superfine and Fine Flour, by the barrel;
Rye Flour; Buckwheat, Barley and Indian Meal; Oats;
Corn; Peas and Beans.

He will at all times pay the very highest Albany market prices, in *cash* or *barter*, for most kinds of Country Produce, such as Provisions and Grain.
Schenectady, May 21, 1839.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

THE subscriber, of the late firm of Spier & Lockwood, will continue the Grocery and Provision business at the store formerly occupied by said firm, a few doors east of the Rail-road, No. 153 State street. He is now receiving from New-York, a general assortment of choice

Family Groceries and Provisions,

which, together with his former stock, makes his supply complete; all of which he offers for sale at reduced prices—among which are the following articles:

LIQUORS.—Cogniac Brandy, Holland and Baltimore Gin, Jamaica, St. Croix and New-England Rum, Whiskey and Alcohol.

WINES.—Old Port, Madeira, Sherry, Malaga, Muscat, Champagne, Cordials, and other Wines.

TEAS, &C.—Old Hyson, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Gunpowder, Pouchong, and Bohea;
Loaf, Lump, St. Croix, N. Orleans and Muscovada Sugars;
Syrup, Sugar House, and New-Orleans Molasses;
Coffee, Chocolate, Rice, and Indigo;
Ginger, Pepper, Alspice, Nutmegs, Cloves and Cinnamon:
Virginia, Plug, and Cavendish Tobacco; Pipes and Cigars;
Alum, Copperas, and Saltpetre;
Lorillard's Maccoboy and Scotch Snuff;
Bar and Shaving Soap; Candles and Soap;
Coarse and Liverpool Salt; Pearlash and Saleratus;
Writing, Letter and Wrapping Paper;
Codfish and Scaled Herring; Sulphur and Epsom Salts;
Filberts, Almonds, Madeira, Brazil and Pea Nuts;
Raisins, Pepper Sauce, Lemon Syrup; besides many other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Butter, Cheese, Lard, Pork, Hams and Eggs, will be received in payment for goods at Cash prices.

The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for past favors, and still solicits a share of public patronage. JOSEPH SPIER.
Schenectady, August 1. 1837.

UNION-STREET.
JOHN FULLAGAR,

Corner of Union and Ferry-streets,

SOLE agent in this city, for the sale of Portable Gas, Gas Lamps and their Fixtures, will keep constantly for sale, at the manufacturers prices, the first quality of GAS, GAS LAMPS and TUBES of all sizes; the Tubes will be fitted to Oil Lamps for burning Gas, gratis.

HE ALSO KEEP FOR SALE
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
AMONG WHICH ARE

Hyson, Young Hyson and Skin Teas;
Loaf, Lump and Brown Sugars;
Vinegar of the first quality;
Flour and Meal; Nutmegs;
Coffee and Chocolate; Butter and Cheese;
Family Medicines;
Pepper, Pimento, Ginger, Cinnamon and Cloves, ground and whole;
Box and Keg Raisins;
Coarse and Fine Salt;
Alum, Copperas and Salt Petre;
Dye Woods;
Lamp Oil and Lamps;
Mould and Dipt Candles;
Bar and Shaving Soap;
Cut and Plug Tabacco;
Mustard and Starch;
Brooms and Pails;
Crockery, Glass, Stone Ware and Furnaces.
And almost every other article in the Grocery line of business. jy25.

Dr. Andrew Truax,

No. 117, State street, (north side) one door east of W. McCamus' Dry Goods Store,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

DRUGS & MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS, GLASS, PUTTY, OIL, PERFUMERY, &C. &C.
☞AT ALBANY PRICES,☜

WINDOW GLASS.

Redford, Saranac, and Crown'd Window Glass, of a very superior quality, which for transparency, thickness, clearness, and brilliancy of surface, cannot be surpassed—for sale at *Factory Prices*. German, Rensselaer, Alps, New-York State, Mohawk and Cylinder Glass of all sizes, from 6 by 8 to 18 by 26, at *Albany Prices*.

☞All Medicines accurately prepared and prescriptions neatly put up, every day in the week and at all hours of the night aug14:7tt

NEW GOODS.

J. BERTRAND, No. 112, State street, has just returned from New-York with an extensive assortment of GOODS, consisting in part of Ladies and Gentlemens' Dressing Cases; Silver Pencils; Silver Tweezers; Silver Spectacles; Spy Glasses; Battledoors; Dissected Puzzles; Plain Coral and Rags Necklaces; Cut Glass and Gilt Beads; Straw and Leather Reticules; Cabars; Transparent Slates; Portfolios; Silk and Bead Purses; Shell, Twist and Side Combs; Smelling Bottles; Milk of Roses; Spirit do.; Sweet Bags; Farinas; Cologne, French and Lavender Water; Johnson's Bear Oil; Rowland's Macassar do.; Pastor's do.; Rose do.; Cold Cream; J. Gillot's Patent Metalic Pens; Pearl White Beads; Willeston's Indelible Ink; Cork and Glass Ink Stands; Ivory Whistles; Gum Rings; Ivory Dominos; Compound Shaving Soap; Snuff, Tobacco and Shaving Boxes; Razors in cases; Razor Straps; Penknives; Fine Scissors; Powder Flasks; Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes and Shaving Brushes; Ivory Fine and Dress Combs; Pocket do.; Accordeons, Violins, Flutes, Fifes and Flageolets, with Instructions for the same; Guitar and Violin Strings, Steel and Brass Pistols; Motto Verses; Visiting and Conversation Cards; Writing and Letter Paper; Letter Stamps; Whalebone and Brass Busks; Whalebone and Crooked Walking Canes; Umbrellas; Spool Stands; Pincushions; Sunglasses; Toilets; Bag Patterns; Emery Bags; Looking Glasses; Drawing Cards; Paint and Fancy Boxes; Quills; Fine Lead Pencils; Motto Seals; White Wax; Italian Cravats; Satin and Bombazine Stocks; Gloves; Ruffled and Plain Bosoms; Collars; Suspenders; Brass and India rubber Pantaloon Straps. Always on hand, a general assortment of TOYS. Also, Traveling Baskets and Trunks of all sizes.—April 8, 1839.

WHEEL-BARROWS.

THE subscribers having purchased of G. N. Bolles his entire stock in the Wheel-Barrow business, will continue to make and offer for sale,

Wheel-Barrows, Wagons, Sleighs, Ploughs, Cultivators, Road Scrapers, Straw Cutters, Fanning Mills, &c.

☞The Wheel-Barrows heretofore made by G. N. Bolles, have stood unrivalled in market.

They intend that their articles shall be well made, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. All articles in the above line constantly on hand, or made to order at their old stand No. 217 State Steeet.

☞*Cash paid for good TIMBER.*

CLUTE & REAGLES.
Schenectady, March 19, 1839. 90tf.

Orders received by C. C. CLUTE & Co. 142 State street, and at CLUTE & BAILEY'S Furnace, 21 Canal street, Schenectady.

Reference may be made to Belknap & Groesbeck, Albany; Schuyler & Warnick, Amsterdam; J. C. Anthony, Canajoharie; Paige & Priest, Little Falls; Henry Kemberly, West Troy; Gardiner & McKinley, Fultonville; Warner & Nestell, Fort Plain; Frederick Bellinger, Herkimer; H. & L. W. Holmes, Utica.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between J. & G. Ohlen is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by George Ohlen.

JOHN OHLEN.
GEORGE OHLEN.
Schenectady, April 8, 1839.

☞The business will be continued at the old place, No. 47, State-st. by GEORGE OHLEN.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *Swits & McDonald*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by N. Swits, who is fully authorised to collect and pay all the debts of the firm.

N. SWITS,
D. McDONALD.
Schenectady, May 28, 1839.

NOTE.—The GROCERY & PROVISION business will be carried on at the old stand, corner of Church and State-streets, by 101 N. SWITS.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

CORNS! CORNS!—Corns of all kinds effectually removed by one application, in less than half an hour, without causing pain or creating a sore, by applying at No. 19 State-street.

☞Those wishing the operation performed at their residences, can be accommodatdd by leaving their names, number and street, at No. 19 State-street.—March 19.

HARD-WARE, IRON & STEEL.

C. C. CLUTE & Co. No. 142, State-street, Schenectady, keep on hand a complete assortment of HARD-WARE; Old Sable, Swedes, English and American IRON; Flat, Square and Round, assorted sizes.—*Also*, Swedes, English, Blister, German & Cast STEEL; NAILS, SPIKES and CROW-BARS; CHURN DRILLS & SHOVELS; ANVILS, VICES, SLEDGES, and BLACKSMITHS' BELLOWS; HOIST CHAINS, &c. ☞Contractors supplied at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.—dl.

A NEW THEORY!
INTERESTING AND APPLICABLE TO THE AFFLICTED WITH
Diseases of the Stomach, or Nerves;

Such as Dyspepsia, either Chronic or Casual, under the worst symptoms of restlessness; Lowness of Spirits, and General Emaciation; Consumption, whether of the Lungs or Liver; Liver Affections; Jaundice, both Biliary and Spasmodic; Costiveness; Worms of every variety; Rheumatism, whether Acute or Chronic; together with Gout, Scrofula, Pains in the Head, Back, Limbs and Side, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Putrid Sore Throat, Fever and Ague, Spasmodic Palpitation of the Heart and Arteries, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Hysterics, Tic Douloureux, Cramps, Female Obstructions, Heartburn, Headache, Cough, the Common or Humid, and the Dry or the Whooping; Asthma, Gravel and Dropsy.

THE Blood has hitherto been considered by Empiricks and others, as the great regulator of the human system, and such is the devotedness of the adherents to that erroneous doctrine, that they content themselves with the simple possession of this fallacious opinion, without enquiring into the primary sources from whence Life, Health, and vigour emanate, and *vica versa*, pain, sickness, disease and death. Not so with Dr. Hunt, whose extensive research and practical experience so eminently qualify him for the profession of which he has been one of the most useful members. He contends—and a moment's reflection will convince any reasoning mind of the correctness of his views—that the stomach, liver, and the associated organs are the primary and great regulators of health, and that the blood in very many instances is totally disconnected with the first and succeding stages of disease, and that unless a medicine reaches the root of the disease, the *superficial anodynes* usually prescribed, serve but as foils to cover the ravages of deep-rooted maladies. Under these convictions, at the expense of years of close application, the doctor has discovered a medicine whose searching powers are irresistible, and in prescribing, it is with a firm conviction of its being a radical cure in the various diseases already enumerated, even if applied in the most critical cases, but he does not pretend to ascribe to

HUNT'S PILLS

a supernatural agency, although from positive proofs within the knowledge of hundreds, he is prepared to show, that when every other earthly remedy has failed, HUNT'S PILLS have never been known to fail in effecting two very gratifying results, that of raising from the bed of sickness and disease those who have tested their efficacy, and thus amply rewarding Dr. Hunt for his long and anxious study to attain this *perfection* in the HEALING ART.

Dr. Hunt's Celebrated Pills,

For Consumption, Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint, &c.

AS the enjoyment of health depends on preserving the functions of the *Stomach, Liver, Intestines and Lungs*, in a healthy and vigorous state, through the operations of which the body receives its growth, its nutrition, its support, it can no longer be astonishing that when these viscera are deranged, and cannot perform their proper functions, the whole system suffers and becomes disordered. Knowing this to be a sound and demonstrated fact, in science and experience, DOCTOR HUNT'S SYSTEM OF PRACTICE is in faithful accordance with it. He aims to keep the *Stomach, Lungs* and the *Liver*, in vigorous and healthy action, as the three great fountains of health and life.—For this purpose his pills are compounded of herbs, which *strengthen* and *equalize* the action of the *heart*, and give an impulse of *strength to the arterial system*, at the same time quicken the action of the absorbent and discharging vessels; and as all the secretions are drawn from the blood, any morbid action which may have taken place is removed, all obstructions are overcome, the blood is purified, and the body assumes a healthful state. These pills give tone to the stomach, increase the appetite, and eminently expel all acrid or morbid matter through the execretory ducts into the passage of the bowels. In all cases of *Consumption, Indigestion* or *Dyspepsia, Billious Affections*, or *Liver Complaints, Heartburn, Sourness* or *Acidity* in the *Stomach, Tightness* at the *Chest, Loss of Appetite, Sick Head Ache, Pain in the Head, Back, Limbs and Side, Flatulency, Typhus* and *Scarlet Fever, Putrid Sore Throat, Fever and Ague*, or *Intermitting Fevers, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Spasmodic Affections*, and *Tic Doloureux, Convulsions of Children, Measles, Small Pox, Hooping Cough, Rickets, Teething, Worms, Female Obstructions, Chlorosis* or *Green Sickness*, and *Rejections of Food*, and *Costiveness, Colic*, whether *flatulent* or Billious, follow the DIRECTIONS.

Dose.—Take from three to ten pills, till they operate, two or three times daily. The use of the pills must be persevered in till a cure is effected.

Price 25 Cents per Box.

☞This medicine is for sale by Dr. WM. EVANS, No. 100 Chatham-st. New-York, and by the following agents:
J. M. VAN SLYCK, No. 76 State-st. Schenectady.
Wm. Seaver, Burnt Hills.
G. M. Davison, Saratoga Springs.
S. Van Schaick, South Market-st. Albany.
Z. Clark, River st, Troy.
Samuel Westcott, Hudson.
Cornelius Swartwout, Genesee-st. Utica.
May 23, 1839.—y1.

EVANS' CAMOMILE PILLS.

The Camomile flower, (or as it is officially called Anthemis nobilis, or Chamœmelum, from the Greek words, *Kamai*, on the ground, and *Melon*, an apple; because it grows on the ground, and smells like an apple) is of a dull white color, of a fragrant odor, and of a better aromatic taste.

Camomile is a mild tonic, in small doses acceptable and corroborant to the stomach. It is especially applicable to that condition of general debility with languid appetite, which often attends convalescence from idiopathic fevers.

TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED.
TONIC PILLS.

The powers of Evans' Camomile Pills are such, that the palpitating heart, the tremulous hand, the dizzy eye, and the fluttering mind, vanish before their effects like noxous vapors before the benign influence of the morning sun. They have been long successfully used for the cure of Intermittents, together with fevers of the irregular nervous kind, accompanied with visceral obstructions.

This tonic medicine is for nervous diseases, *general debility, indigestion* and its consequences, as want of *appetite, distention* of the stomach, *acidity, unpleasant* taste in the mouth, *rumbling* noise in the bowels, *nervous symptoms, languor*, when the mind becomes irritable, *desponding, thoughtful, melancholy* and *dejected.*—*Hypochondriacism, consumption, dimness of sight, delirium*, and all other nervous symptoms, these pills will produce a safe and permanent cure.

Evans' Camomile Pills were first introduced in America in 1835.

EVANS' FAMILY APERIENT PILLS

Are purely vegetable, composed with the strictest precision of science and of art; they never produce nausea, and are warranted to cure the following diseases, which arise from impurities of the blood. viz:—*Apoplexy, Bilious Affections, Coughs, Colds, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Scarlet Fever, Asthma, Cholera, Liver Complaints, diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Affections* peculiar to females and all those diseases of whatsoever kind to which human nature is subject, where the stomach is affected.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS.

Dr. Wm. Evans' Camomile Tonic Pills are to be taken three before each meal.

Dr. W. Evans' Family Aperient Pills are to be taken four at night, and should they not operate, two or three in the morning so as to produce a copious evacuation.

Principal Office for the United States, 100 Chatham st. New York, where Dr. Evans can always be consulted.

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May 23, 1839.—y1.

10 TONS Steel-Pointed Swedged CROW-BARS and CHURN DRILLS. For sale wholesale and retail by C. C. CLUTE & Co.
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100 KEGS CUT NAILS AND SPIKES, assorted sizes. For sale wholesale and retail by C. C. CLUTE & Co.
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COD FISH.—A superior article for sale at No. 26 State-street, by DANIEL BURT.

A GEM.

The Democratic Review some time since alluded to Geo. D. Prentice, as entitled to the first rank among American Poets. The Review instanced some lines, written at the age of 14, as particularly remarkable, and breathing the very soul of sorrow. They will be found below, and are indeed beautiful. We are indebted for them to the Louisville Literary News Letter:

WRITTEN AT MY MOTHER'S GRAVE.

BY G. D. PRENTICE.

The trembling dew-drops fall
Upon the shutting flowers—like souls at rest
The stars shine gloriously—and all,
Save me, is blest.

Mother—I love thy grave!
The violet, with his blossom blue and mild,
Waves o'er thy head—when shall it wave
Above thy child!

'Tis a sweet flower—yet must
Its bright leaves to the coming tempest bow—
Dear mother—'tis thine emblem—dust
Is on thy brow!

And I could love to die—
To leave untasted life's dark, bitter streams—
By thee, as erst in childhood, lie
And share thy dreams.

And must I linger here
To stain the plumage of my sinless years,
And mourn the hopes of childhood dear
With bitter tears!

Ay—must I linger here,
A lonely branch upon a blasted tree,
Whose last frail leaf, untimely sere,
Went down with thee!

Oft from life's withered bower,
In still communion with the past I turn,
And muse on thee, the only flower
In memory's urn.

And, when the Evening pale
Bows like a mourner on the dim, blue wave,
I stray to hear the night-winds wail
Around thy grave.

Where is thy spirit flown?—
I gaze above—thy look is imaged there—
I listen—and thy gentle tone
Is on the air.

Oh come—whilst here I press
My brow upon thy grave—and, in those mild
And thrilling tones of tenderness,
Bless, bless thy child!

Yes, bless thy weeping child,
And o'er thine urn—religion's holiest shrine—
Oh give his spirit undefiled
To blend with thine.

DAVID SWAN.

BY NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

We can be but partially acquainted even with the events which naturally influence our course through life, and our final destiny. There are innumerable other events, if such they may be called, which come close upon us, yet pass away without actual results, or even betraying their near approach, by the reflection of any light or shadow across our minds. Could we know all the vicissitudes of our fortunes, life would be too full of hope and fear, exultation or disappointment, to afford a single hour of true serenity. This idea may be illustrated by a page from the secret history of David Swan.

We have nothing to do with David, until we find him at the age of twenty, on the high road from his native place to the city of Boston, where his uncle, a small dealer in the grocery line, was to take him behind the counter. Be it enough to say, that he was a native of New-Hampshire, born of respectable parents, and had received an ordinary school education, with a classic finish by a year at Gilmanton Academy. After journeying on foot from sun-rise till nearly noon of a summer's day, his weariness and the increasing heat determined him to set down in the first convenient shade, and await the coming up of the stage coach. As if planted on purpose for him, there soon appeared a little tuft of maples, with a delightful recess in the midst, and such a fresh bubbling spring, that it seemed never to have sparkled for any wayfarer but David Swan. Virgin or not, he kissed it with his thirsty lips, and then flung himself along the brink, pillowing his head upon some shirts and a pair of pantaloons, tied up in a striped cotton handkerchief. The sunbeams could not reach him; the dust did not yet rise from the road, after the heavy rain of yesterday; and his grassy lair suited the young man better than a bed of down. The spring murmured drowsily beside him; the branches waved dreamily across the blue sky, overhead, and a deep sleep, perchance hiding dreams within its depths, fell upon David Swan. But we are to relate events which he did not dream of.

While he lay sound asleep in the shade, other people were wide awake, and passed to and fro, on foot, on horseback, and in all sorts of vehicles, along the sunny road by his bed chamber. Some looked neither to the right hand nor the left, and knew not that he was there; some merely glanced that way, without admitting the slumberer among their busy tho'ts; some laughed to see how soundly he slept; and several, whose hearts were brimming full of scorn, ejected their venomous superfluity on David Swan. A middle aged widow, when nobody else was near, thrust her head a little way into the recess, and vowed that the charming fellow looked charming in his sleep. A temperance lecturer saw him, and wrought poor David into the texture of his evening's discourse, as an awful instance of dead drunkenness by the road side. But censure, praise, merriment, scorn and indifference were all one, or rather all nothing to David Swan.

He had slept only a few moments, when a brown carriage, drawn by a handsome pair of horses, bowled easily along, and was brought to a stand still, nearly in front of David's resting place. A linch-pin had fallen out, and permitted one of the wheels to fly off. The damage was slight, and merely a momentary alarm to an elderly merchant and his wife, who were returning to Boston in their carriage. While the coachman and a servant were replacing the wheel, the lady and gentleman sheltered themselves beneath the maple trees, and there espied the bubbling fountain, and David Swan asleep beside it. Impressed with the awe which the humblest sleeper usually sheds around him, the merchant trod as lightly as the gout would allow; and his spouse took good heed not to rustle her silk gown, lest David should start up all of a sudden.

"How soundly he sleeps!" whispered the old gentleman. "From what depth he draws that easy breath. Such sleep as that, brought on without an opiate, would be worth more to me than half my income: for it would support health, and an untroubled mind."

"And youth, besides," said the lady. "Healthy and quiet age does not sleep thus. Our slumber is no more like his, than our wakefulness."

The longer they looked, the more did this elderly couple feel interested in the unknown youth to whom the way side and the maple shade were as a secret chamber with the rich gloom of damask curtains brooding over him. Perceiving that a stray sunbeam glimmered down his face, the lady contrived to twist a branch aside, so as to intercept it. And having done this little act of kindness, she began to feel like a mother to him.

"Providence seems to have laid him here," whispered she to her husband, "and to have brought us hither to find him, after our disappointment in our cousin's son. Methinks I can see a likeness to our departed Henry. Shall we wake him?"

"To what purpose?" said the merchant, hesitating. "We know nothing of the youth's character."

"That open countenance," replied his wife, in the hushed voice, yet earnestly. "This innocent sleep!"

While these whispers were passing, the sleeper's heart did not throb, nor his breath become agitated, nor his features betray the least token of interest. Yet fortune was bending over him, just ready to let fall a burthen of gold. The old merchant had lost his only son, and had no heir to his wealth, except a distant relative, with whose conduct he was dissatisfied. In such a case people sometimes do stranger things than to act the magician, and awaken a young man to splendor who had fallen asleep in poverty.

"Shall we not waken him?" repeated the lady persuasively.

"The coach is ready, sir," said the servant behind.

The old couple started, reddened, hurried away, mutually wondering that they should ever have dreamed of doing any thing so ridiculous. The merchant threw himself back in the carriage, and occupied his mind with the plan of a magnificent asylum for unfortunate men of business. Meanwhile David Swan enjoyed his nap.

The carriage could not have gone above a mile or two, when a pretty young girl came along with a tripping pace, which showed precisely how her little heart was dancing in her bosom. She turned aside into the shelter of the maple trees, and there found a young man asleep beside the spring! Blushing as red as any rose, that she should have intruded into a gentleman's bed-chamber, she was about to make her escape on tiptoe. But, there was a peril nearer the sleeper. A monster of a bee had been wandering overhead—buzz, buzz, buzz—now among the leaves, now flashing through the strips of sunshine, and now lost in the dark shade, till finally he appeared to be settling on the eyelid of David Swan. The sting of the bee is sometimes deadly. As free hearted as she was innocent, the girl attacked the intruder with her handkerchief, brushed him soundly, and drove him from beneath the maple shade. How sweet a picture! This good deed accomplished, with quickened breath, and a deeper blush, she stole a glance at the youthful stranger, for whom she had been battling with a dragon in the air.

"He is handsome!" thought she, and blushed redder yet.

How could it be that no dream of bliss grew so strong within him, that shattered by its very strength, it should part asunder and allow him to perceive the girl among its phantoms? Why, at least, did no smile of welcome brighten upon his face? She was come, the maid whose soul, according to the old and beautiful idea, had been severed from his own, and whom, in all his vague but passionate desires, he yearned to meet. Her, only, could he love with a perfect love—him, only, could she receive into the depths of her heart—and now her image was faintly blushing in the fountain, by his side; should it pass away, its happy lustre would never gleam upon his life again.

"How soundly he sleeps!" muttered the girl.

She departed, but did not trip along the road so lightly as when she came.

Now this girl's father was a thriving country merchant in the neighborhood, and happened at that identical time, to be looking out for just such a young man as David Swan. Had David formed a way side acquaintance with the daughter, he would have become the father's clerk, and all else in natural succession. So here again, had good fortune—the best of fortunes—stolen so near, that her garments brushed against him; and he knew nothing of the matter.

The girl was hardly out of sight, when two men turned aside beneath the maple shade. Both had dark faces, set off by cloth caps, which were down aslant over their brows. Their dresses were shabby, yet had a certain smartness. These were a couple of rascals, who got their living by whatever the evil one sent them, and now, in the interim of other business had staked the joint profits of their next piece of villany on a game of cards, which was to have been decided here under the trees. But, finding David asleep by the spring, one of the rogues whispered to his fellow:

"Hist! See that bundle under his head?"

The other villain nodded, winked, and leered.

"I'll bet you a horn of brandy," said the first, "that the chap has either a pocket book, or a snug little horde of small change, stowed away among his shirts. And if not there, we shall find it in his pantaloons pocket."

"But how if he wakes?" said the other.

His companion thrusted aside his waistcoat, pointed to the handle of a dirk, and nodded.

"So be it!" muttered the second villain.

They approached the unconscious David, and while one pointed the dagger toward his heart, the other began to search the bundle beneath his head. Their two faces, grim-wrinkled and ghastly with guilt and fear, bent over their victim, looking horribly enough to be mistaken for fiends, should he suddenly awake. Nay, had the villains glanced aside into the spring, even they would hardly have known themselves as reflected there. But David Swan had never known a more tranquil aspect, even when asleep on his mother's breast.

"I must take away the bundle," whispered one.

"If he stirs, I'll strike," whispered the other.

But, at this moment, a dog, scenting along the ground, came in beneath the maple trees, and gazed alternately at each of these wicked men, and then at the quiet sleeper. He then lapped out of the fountain.

"Pshaw!" said one villain. "We can do nothing now. The dog's master must be close behind."

The man with the dagger, thrust back the weapon into his bosom, and drew forth a pocket pistol, but not of that kind which kill by a single discharge.—It was a flask of liquor, with a block tumble screwed upon the mouth. Each drank a comfortable dram, and left the spot with so many jests, and such laughter at their unaccomplished wickedness, that they might be said to have gone their way rejoicing. In a few hours, they had forgotten the whole affair, nor once imagined that the recording angel had written down the crime of murder against their souls, in letters as durable as eternity. As for David Swan, he still slept quietly, neither conscious of the shadow of death when it hung over him, nor of the glory of renewed life, when the shadow was withdrawn.

He slept, but no longer so quietly as at first. An hour's repose had snatched, from his elastic frame, the weariness with which many hours of toil had burthened it. Now he stirred—now moved his lips, without a sound—now, talked, in an inward tone, to the noonday spectress of his dream. But a noise of wheels came rattling louder and louder along the road, until it dashed through the dispursing mist of David's slumber—and there was the stage coach. He started up with all his ideas about him.

"Hallo, driver!—Take a passenger?" shouted he.

"Room on top!" answered the driver.

Up mounted David, and bowled away merrily toward Boston, without so much as a parting glance at that fountain of dreamlike vicissitude. He knew not, that phantom of wealth had thrown a golden hue upon its waters—nor that one of death had threatened to crimson them with his blood—all in the brief hour since he lay down to sleep. Sleeping or walking, we hear not the airy footsteps of the strange things that *almost* happen. Does it not argue a superintending Providence, that while, viewless and unexpected events thrust themselves continually athwart our path, there should still be regularity enough in mortal life, to render foresight even partially available.

THE ALARM WATCH,

Conscience, as we all know, may be listened to, or disregarded; and in this, habit has great influence.—The following story illustrates this:

A lady who found it difficult to awake so early as she desired in the morning, purchased an alarm watch. This kind of watch is so contrived, as to strike with a loud whizzing noise at any time the owner pleases. The lady placed the watch at the head of her bed, and at the appointed time she found herself effectually aroused by the loud rattling sound. She immediately obeyed the summons, and felt the better all day for early rising. This continued for several weeks. The alarm watch faithfully performed its office, and was distinctly *heard* so long as it was promptly obeyed. But after a time the lady grew tired of early rising—and when awakened by the noisy monitor, merely turned herself and slept again. In a few days the watch ceased to arouse her from her slumber.—It spoke just as loudly as ever, but she did not hear it because she had acquired the habit of disobeying it. Finding that she might as well be without an alarm watch, she formed the resolution that if she ever heard the sound again, she would jump up instantly—and she would never allow herself to disobey the friendly warning.

Just so it is with conscience. If we obey its dictations, even to the most trifling particulars, we always hear its voice clear and strong. But if we allow ourselves to do what we fear is not quite right, we shall grow more and more sleepy, until the voice of conscience has no longer any power to awaken us.—*Fireside Education.*