

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ADVANCE.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR THREE YEARS.

MAINE COAST GUARD.

Louisiana Regiment at Richmond.

TERRES on the MISSISSIPPI.

TENNESSEE & ALABAMA TROOPS IN RICHMOND.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The war department has informed the Governors of States which had ordered out their militia, under the first proclamation of the President, that it is desirable preferable that those who have not marched forward shall be mustered three years service, under the subsequent proclamation. Full instructions on subject will soon be issued.

St. Louis, May 7.—The Cairo correspondent of the Republican says that five batteries are now planted at different points on the Ohio and Mississippi, commanding both rivers at their confluence, and placed that the entire force can be relied to support any point at a minutes notice. All the batteries are sustained by regular bodies of infantry.

Portland, May 8.—The leading ship owners and commercial men assembled to take into consideration the state of the navy and the expediency of providing guard for the coast. Resolutions were adopted tendering the services of the ship owners to the Government, and pledging their ability to furnish thirty steam vessels within from six to nine days, if required.

Philadelphia, May 8.—A party of 500 men from the 1st regiment of Pennsylvania, started this morning by rail. The frigate Constitution will leave New York for Long Island Sound.

Washington, May 8.—Maj. Anderson is to take command of a Kentucky brigade. The greatest activity prevails in the War and Navy Departments.

Baltimore, May 7.—A highly respectable gentleman from Frederick, gives his opinion that the Legislature will not call State Convention.

Trenton, N. J., May 7.—In the House this afternoon the bill to raise a loan of \$1,000,000 was ordered to a third reading. There was a spirited debate, the Republican members supporting a loan of two millions, and the Democrats a loan of one million. The last sum was finally agreed to.

Resolutions. Resolutions thanking the Governor for the promptness he has displayed in raising the quota of troops for the State, and expressing the strongest confidence reposed in his judgment, patriotism and ability, and pledging New Jersey to use all her power to maintain the Union and the Constitution, and thanking the President for the energy displayed in the defence of the Union were unanimously passed.

Mr. Cook introduced a supplement to the act for the punishment of crime. It provides for the punishment of persons who will in any way furnish arms, munitions of war, vessels or money, to give aid or comfort to the enemy by imprisonment for not less than five or more than ten years, or a fine of not less than five thousand dollars.

St. Louis, May 7.—The Union Home Guard of the first and second wards, numbering 150 men, were sworn into the volunteer service.

Capt. Lyons has orders to receive 10,000 volunteers. He has already upwards of 5,000 mustered into service, and the Home Guard of this city will complete and probably exceed the complement.

Washington, May 8.—A Louisiana regiment arrived at Richmond on Monday. 1400 Tenn. troops and a battalion of Alabama troops have reached Lynchburgh.

At Norfolk there are about 4000 troops including 2 companies of Georgians.—The Carolinians were fortifying Norfolk on all sides including Coney Island and erecting batteries by impressing persons to labor. The fortification has been commenced at Hatteras N. C. A board of medical officers will convene at the hospital in N. Y. in June next for the examination of students for admission into the medical corps of the navy.

Frederick, May 7.—The Court House was nearly destroyed by fire shortly after 12 o'clock last night.

The prospects are that the Legislature will adjourn until July next. A caucus of members last night it was almost unanimously determined to abandon the proposition for a Convention.

New York, May 7.—A special dispatch to the World says, Major Anderson contemplates addressing the people of Kentucky on the Union. Several Army officers who failed to get their commissions in the rebel service on resigning, have asked to be restored to their former position.

There are 60,000 stand of arms in the Washington Navy Yard.

The steamer Keystone State has arrived from Washington.

Special to the Post: The Government has already received proffers of 250,000 men from West of the Alleghenies.

The following notice has just been issued from the Adjutant-General and Quarter-Master from general headquarters:

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Adjutant-General's Office,
ALBANY, May 7, 1861.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 22.
The Commander-in-Chief desires to express his gratification at the alacrity and self sacrificing spirit displayed by his fellow citizens throughout the State, in responding to the several calls made for volunteers to serve in the Country's defense and the maintenance of law and order in the land, in an incredible short time, the compliment of 30,000 have offered their services, and the zeal is yet unabated, but the maximum number allowed by the act of April 16th 1861, having been raised in response to the proclamation of the 18th, and 25th, of April, and to general orders, Nos. 18 & 17, issued in conformity thereto.

The Commander-in-Chief feels it his duty to make this public announcement of the fact in order that no expenditures of time or means may be uselessly incurred by the patriotic citizens of the State in further efforts for organization.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
J. MEREDITH REED,
Adjutant General.

Boston, May 7.—The officers of the 1st regiment, which has been in quarters several days, waiting marching orders, on learning of the official order from the War Department that no more troops would be accepted under 3 years enlistment, waited on Gov. Andrew this evening in a body and offered their services, together with the Regiment, for the full term.

Wilmington, May 7.—Mr. Bayard was accompanied by two daughters. The mob followed them from the depot, when a police officer removed Bayard from danger, unnoticed by the crowd. After stopping a short time at the Mayor's office, he left in a private carriage. Mr. Bayard denies having been lately at Montgomery, but says he had been to New-Orleans on private business. He returned to Wilmington to-day. The action of the police in staying public disturbance, received general approbation.

Trenton, N. J., May 7.—In the House this afternoon the bill to raise a loan of \$1,000,000 was ordered to a third reading. There was a spirited debate, the Republican members supporting a loan of two millions, and the Democrats a loan of one million. The last sum was finally agreed to.

A bill for raising four new regiments and for purchasing 10,000 stand of arms, artillery and munitions of war, will come up to-morrow morning.

Resolutions thanking the Governor for the promptness he has displayed in raising the quota of troops for the State, and expressing the strongest confidence reposed in his judgment, patriotism and ability, and pledging New Jersey to use all her power to maintain the Union and the Constitution, and thanking the President for the energy displayed in the defence of the Union were unanimously passed.

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CONCENTRATION OF TROOPS

TENNESSEANS MOVING NORTH.

RUMORS FROM THE SOUTH.

New-York, May 8.—The Asia sailed this morning for Liverpool. She took out 150 Passengers, and \$48,000, in specie.

Vice President Stephens has returned to Montgomery from his excursion to Richmond.

Private dispatches from Cairo say it is believed that a body of Tennessee troops is advancing on that place.

Troops will be concentrated at Washington to the number of 40,000. The District of Columbia tendered 2 Regiments of volunteers for the maintenance of the Union, \$40,000, has been allowed by the Secretary of War for their uniforms, and an order given for Minnie rifles for the whole force.

The Times Washington correspondent says the War department has purchased the steamship Atlantic for \$350,000. The Government also purchased the steamer Yankee.

New-York, May 8.—The 8d regiment of U. S. Infantry, under Major Shepard, left by rail for Washington via Baltimore this morning.

Senator Johnson, of Tennessee, made a manful speech in favor of the laws and preserving the Union at all hazards, at Knoxville, a few days since. He received great applause.

Gustave Quitterfeldt was arrested upon the charge of counterfeiting South American currency.

Frederick, May 8.—The Legislature last evening voted unanimously against the Convention.

Washington, May 8.—It is reported that ex-Governor Reeder of Kansas, now of Pennsylvania, will be appointed Brigadier-General in the army.

Lieut. Jones, who fired Harper's Ferry arsenal, is appointed assistant quarter-master general, with the rank of Captain.

Twenty-four companies of U. S. Cavalry are expected to-morrow from Harrisburgh.

The Virginians are not ready for an attack on Washington.

Gen. Lee insists that the State line shall be kept by the Virginians until attacked.

Annapolis, May 8.—Reports from Old Point Comfort state that the light-boat was taken possession of by three armed schooners. Her captors found the occupants gone, and a warm breakfast untouched. Two hundred dragoons were seen in the vicinity. Appearances indicate that the country is arming.

The importance of Annapolis as a military depot is daily being more apparent. Immense quantities of stores are being received.

Watertown, May 7.—A company of volunteers numbering 86 men, Capt. Geo. Parker, of Gouverneur, St. Lawrence Co., passed through here this morning, en route for Albany.

New-York Markets.
New-York, May 8.
WHEAT—Market without change in price. Receipts 9,028 barrels. The market fair and demand moderate. Sales 4,500 bbls at 5.00@5.10 per bushel; 5.15 @ 5.30 for extra firm; 5.30@5.25 sup. western; 5.00@5.00 common to medium western; 5.50@5.50 shipping brands and extra Round Hoop Ohio; Canadian dull. Sales 250 bbls at 5.30@7.00. Rye flour steady at 3.10@4.00 for common to choice superfine.

WHEAT—Receipts 10,066 bushels. Market dull common qualities are heavy and declining, while the choicest grades are western and very firm. Sales 20,000 bushels; 1.62 1/2 choice white western; 1.38 winter red western; and 1.35 for red Southern.

RYE—Quiet and firm at 60c.
BARLEY—Dull and heavy, 50@70.
CORN—Receipts 10,400 bush. Market heavy and without important change. Sales 1,500 bush at 67 1/2 @ 68 for old mixed; 65 @ 66 for extra firm; 65 @ 66 for new yellow Jersey; and 70 for white Southern.

OATS—Dull, at 34 1/2 @ 35 1/2 for Western, Canadian and State.
BEAN—Quiet. Sales 250 bbls.
LARD—Dull and heavy. Sales 400 bbls at 90 1/2.
HORK—Dull and heavy. Sales 100 bbls, at 17.50 @ 18.00 @ 18.25 prime.
LARD—Heavy and dull. Sales 200 bbls. at 10.
BUTTER—Fair request, at 10@14 Ohio; 14@16 State.

CHEESE—Steady, at 72@74.
WHISKY—Heavy and dull. Sales 150 barrels at 10 1/2.
Money and exchange without change.

Election of School Commissioners.
At an election held at the Town House to-day for the purpose of filling the vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of office of Messrs. Daniel Magone, Jr., Henry Rockwell and S. N. Sherman, Messrs. Magone and Rockwell were unanimously re-elected, and George Parker was elected by a handsome majority over all opposition. All are elected for three years.

MOGERS.
On Monday afternoon a large and spirited meeting was held at the Congregational Church. The meeting was called to order and Abel Knapp chosen Chairman, and John Phinney Secretary.—James Fitch, James S. Sheldon and E. P. Francis were appointed disbursing Committee. Thirteen hundred dollars was subscribed on the spot and they have now about two thousand. Many volunteers were annexed to Major Wood's Company, who has completed his list and starts to-morrow.

The meeting was addressed by S. D. McMaisters and Jessy Gay of Plattsburgh.

Union Meeting at Lisbon Centre.

A large Union Meeting was held at the Town Hall, in Lisbon May 2. Dr. Wooster Carpenter, Chairman and C. W. Amesworth Secretary.

Patriotic speeches were made by R. W. Judson, Rev. M. L. Eastman, E. W. Wheeler, Mr. Ray, and others. The sum of 1200, was subscribed to aid the families and friends of Volunteers, and Wm. Briggs, Isaac G. Stocking, David G. Lytle, Samuel Fulton, appointed a committee to distribute the sum. G. V. Flack, John Mc. Bryde, Wm. H. Raymond, James Baily, John A. Craig, Theodore Bush, Andrew O'Neil, Mason L. Davis, Baron Briggs, Samuel Fulton, A. Fulton, and John Hodges, were appointed a committee to raise more funds and get volunteers.

Several patriotic songs were sung, and much enthusiasm prevailed throughout the meeting and closed with many cheers.

Adjourned to meet at the Town Hall, Monday afternoon May 6. at 8 P. M.

The meeting met pursuant to adjournment. John A. Craig was chosen Chairman and Cephus W. Ainsworth was appointed Secretary. The meeting then proceeded to organize a permanent Society, to be called the Lisbon Volunteer Aid Society. A motion was made and carried that the Board of Officers shall consist of a President, Secretary and Treasurer. Ira Wallace was elected President, Robert Scott chosen Secretary and Wm. H. Reynolds appointed Treasurer.

Patriotic remarks were made by many that were present, and the meeting adjourned to meet at the Town Hall on Saturday, June 7th, at one o'clock P. M., or previous to that should the committee deem it practical.

C. W. AINSWORTH, Secretary.
Adams, Jefferson County.

While at Adams a few days since, we were invited to visit the Machine Shop and Foundry owned and operated by Messrs. Holman, Rich & Co. The building formerly occupied by these gentlemen was burned in the disastrous fire of last fall. They have lately purchased the ground and buildings formerly owned by the "Adams Manufacturing Co.," and are now fitting them up for building all kinds of Machinery and Mill Gearing.

We noticed several Water Wheels of their manufacture, the invention of Mr. Holman, one of the firm. Three sizes of these wheels are working in their buildings, and from what we saw should judge they were among the most powerful wheels known. They are a center discharge wheel, and are afforded cheap.—Mechanics would probably do well to examine them.

CHATEAUGAY.

At a meeting of the Citizens of the town of Chateaugay held at Beman's Hall, May 1st, pursuant to public notice, for the purpose of making arrangements to raise a fund to provide for and aid the families of volunteers to defend the Union and enforce the laws, pursuant to the call of the President of the United States.

A. S. Bryant was called to the chair, E. A. Keeler, was appointed Secretary, A. S. Bryant, John Roberts, and S. S. Clark, Jr., was appointed a committee to obtain subscriptions to the fund for the support of the families of volunteers. The meeting also appointed E. A. Keeler a committee to obtain the signatures of persons wishing to enroll their names as members of a company to be formed in said town, for the defense of the Union, and to be ready to report themselves for duty whenever called upon.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the same place on Tuesday evening next at 7 o'clock P. M. On motion it was resolved, that the proceedings be published in the daily "ADVANCE."

A. S. BRYANT, Chairman.
EDGAR A. KEELER, Secretary.

After the meeting adjourned, a subscription was taken up and \$505 was subscribed, though the attendance was small on account of the short notice given, The Committee appointed by the meeting have gone to work, and on Thursday when the Committee are to report, it is expected that at least \$2,000 will be subscribed in this town for the benefit of the families of those who have volunteered to defend the flag of our Union. Much enthusiasm prevailed, and the enlistment roll has now (Thursday morning) reached eighteen.

On Tuesday morning the residents of this village raised the sum of \$55 for the use of the members of the Franklin County Company residing in the Town of Chateaugay.

POTSDAM.

The second Volunteer Company formed at this place, started to-day for Albany, via Northern Railroad. A noble company they are, too, being all vigorous, sober intellectual young men who believe the American Government to be worth fighting for, and that even death is better than the dishonor of the national flag.

Although notice was given only last evening that they would leave to-day there were some three thousand people in attendance. A beautiful silk banner inscribed "God defend the right" was presented to the company by the ladies of our Village. The presentation was made by H. L. Knowles, Esq., in an address full of deep feeling and noble patriotism. Capt. J. C. Gilmour accepted the symbol in a manly speech, which, although short, satisfied the parents and friends of the gallant fellows that he is fitted for his position, and is a man in whose care they may safely trust their friends and sons. A national anthem was then sung by the Phil-Harmonic Society, making our Village common ring. Rev. Mr. Riggs made an impressive appeal to God in behalf of our country, and of those now leaving us in her defence, and the venerable Dr. Plumb, of St. Lawrence Academy, many of whose students were in the ranks, gave them the parting word.

The company was then escorted to the cars in a procession conducted by E. W. Foster, Esq., consisting of the Potsdam Band, Fire Department in full force, students of the Academy, citizens and friends accompanied by martial music.

At the cars each officer called his squad and each man answered to his name and took his place. The train rolled away, with banners flying and music beating, followed by cheer after cheer as long as it could be seen. This company was examined and accepted, the officers receiving their commissions and orders to move before leaving here. The same was the case with Company No. 1 from this place.

Company No. 3 has reached some 90 in number, and has now gone to Bicknellville, where many of them reside, and will take the cars at Knapp's Station.

We have not the knack of sending off incomplete companies very fast in the back part of the County, but if you will call on the 8d Assembly District for men to fill up Ogdensburgh Companies No. 1 2, or even 3, they can be supplied on short notice. The best spirit has prevailed among our volunteers.

F. W. Usher, who has been absent from home for some time, arriving after the company was formed, offered \$20 to any man of Company No. 2 for his place in the ranks. No man would yield his chance for the money. He finally made an arrangement by which he went with the company.

Now, Mr. Editor, please permit me a word more. St. Lawrence is sending company after company; we hear of ten formed and forming. Cannot there be a St. Lawrence Regiment? Would not every son of the County fight better under her distinct banner? Is it good policy for men serving to place themselves under Regimental officers who are to have no further connection with them than while the war lasts? Is it not due to our noble County that she shall not scatter her strength among half-a-dozen regiments?

St. Lawrence speaks for herself in her census, in her tax roll, in her majorities, by her sons in official positions in State and nation, and by her sons in all occupations and callings at home and throughout the West. Let her men moving towards the South march together, and bear her name and maintain her honor.

Yours,
X. L.

CANTON.

The Stars and Stripes are waving from almost every place of business in town, and the sentiment that the glorious old Flag of our Union must be present at any and all hazards is nearly universal.

A call for a meeting to take action in view of the present alarming state of affairs has been circulated to-day, and numerously signed by the leading men of all parties; in fact we know of only two or three who refused to sign it. We would give their names, but dislike to give them so much notoriety; we presume, however, posterity will place them beside of Judas Iscariot, Benedict Arnold, Aaron Burr,

and John C. Calhoun, although we are satisfied the Arnolds and Calhouns will not feel particularly flattered by the association. The fact that we have now and then a man, or rather a thing in the shape of a man, who deserts the flag under which he was born shows conclusively that with the demise of the traitors above named the race of traitors did not become extinct, but their principles, wicked and damnable as they were, find even now a resting-place in hearts equally corrupt and treasonable as were theirs; and the seed by them sown has found a fertile soil and reached a luxuriant growth. If, however, men want the infamous place in history now occupied by the Judases, Arnolds and Calhouns, all they have to do is to follow their example, and, as true as God is just, coming history will assign them their position.

We see here many good and true men from the towns of Pierpont, Colton, Russell, Edwards and Hermon, all of whom are for the Constitution as it is, instead of the modern perversions of it—for the Stars and Stripes, instead of a Palmetto rag—and for the enforcement of the Federal laws against the treasonable designs of Jeff Davis and his perjured crew.

Our country is truly in great peril, but we have seen perilous times before, and in all such times God has prospered the right and He will do so now.

CHATEAUGAY.

The bill to provide for the appointment of a Commissioner of Deeds in the town of Chateaugay passed the Assembly on the 11th inst., and is now a law.

Wm. H. H. Sunderlin of this town is a member of the 7th Massachusetts regiment, and is now in Washington with that regiment.

Egbert Copps of this town has joined one of the New-Hampshire regiments now forming at Manchester.

The citizens of this Village yesterday purchased \$25, to be expended in the purchase of a Colt's revolver, to be presented to Lieut. M. E. Roberts of the Franklin County Company. Lieut. Roberts is a native of this town. It is expected that the company will start for Albany this week.

THE PROSPECT.

With the expiration of the days of grace granted to the traitors, the Administration will commence vigorous and effective measures. It is understood that a strong force of Pennsylvanians, under command of Gen. Patterson, will advance in two columns 10,000 strong through Maryland, on down the Northern Central and the other the Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad. The first demonstration will probably be made upon Virginia, and it is believed that the Government intends to retake Norfolk with the Navy Yard at the earliest possible moment, and destroy the rebel batteries, which are now quite numerous on the Potomac. The detachment detailed to this duty is thought to be composed of Massachusetts men under General Butler, and is probably now under way.

LOUISIANA.

After the subjugation of Virginia the most salient point in the Southern Confederacy, will be the State of Louisiana.—Depending as she does upon the products of her plantations, it will require only a short blockade to bring her deluded citizens to a realizing sense of their actual position. A recent letter from New-Orleans states that the people are nearly equally divided upon the question of Secession, and that a vigorous policy on the part of the Government would strengthen and develop the Union sentiment to such a degree that the State could be brought back almost without the firing of a gun. It is well known that the ordinance of Secession was passed only by the greatest exertions accompanied with trickery and fraud, and that it is now nearly impossible to raise a single regiment, even after a resort to the most forcible measures. Louisiana may sympathize deeply with her sister States of the Gulf, but her interest leads her to look to the action of the States situated on the Mississippi and Ohio, and it will be with extreme reluctance that she will take up arms without their cooperation. The subjugation of Louisiana will have the effect to crush Secession in Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee, and with the traitors thus fenced in the existence of treason cannot be otherwise than brief.